## Fiscal Centralisation in Ireland: an imbalanced state

Theresa Reidy

University College Cork

## Ireland: One of the most centralised states in Europe

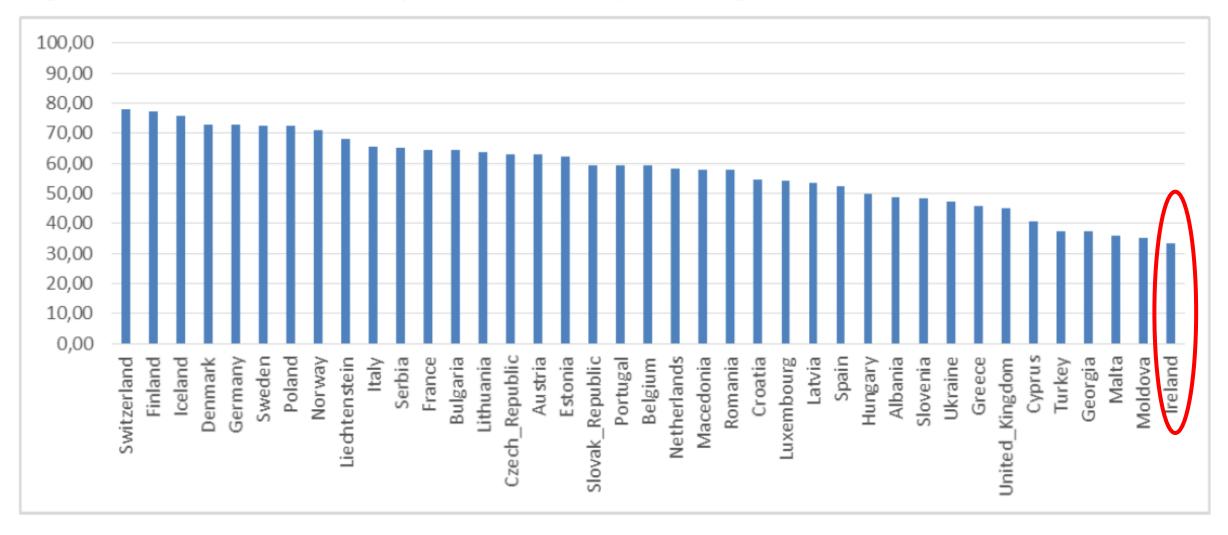
- Territorial structures and number of governance units,
- Internal power distribution, Range of functions,
- Financial autonomy
- Relationship to other layers of government

(Page and Goldsmith, 1987; Hesse and Sharpe, 1991, Loughlin et al, 2010; Swianiewicz, 2014)

## Territorial structures and number of governance units Regional government



Figure 5.23: Local Autonomy Index: Country Ranking 2014



Source: Self-rule Index for Local Authorities (2018); See also Ladner et al., 2018

### Local Government

<b>THEN (from 1921)</b>	NOW (2022)
County councils	31 local authorities
County borough	
councils\corporations\city councils	2014: 114 becomes 31
Borough councils\Urban district	ZOIT. IIT DECOMES SI
councils	
Town commissions\town councils	
Rural councils	

## Maybe it's just efficiency

Country	Number of local	Average population	Average population
	authorities	per authority	per councillor
Belgium	589	18,000	800
Denmark	98	55,000	1,200
Finland	336	15,500	410
Germany	12,340	6,500	420
Ireland (Rep)	31	139,800	*5,196
Netherlands	441	37,000	1700
Northern Ireland	11	154,500	3678

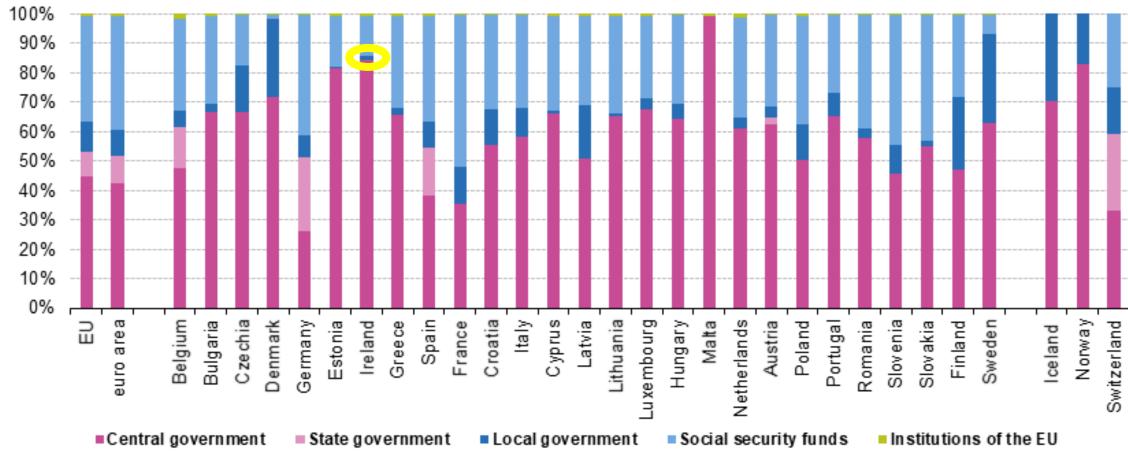
Source: data extracted from Oireachtas Library and Research Service, 2012, 2013.

## And very hardworking councillors?

Average population per councillor
800
410
1200
620
5196

Source: Oireachtas Library and Research Service, 2014

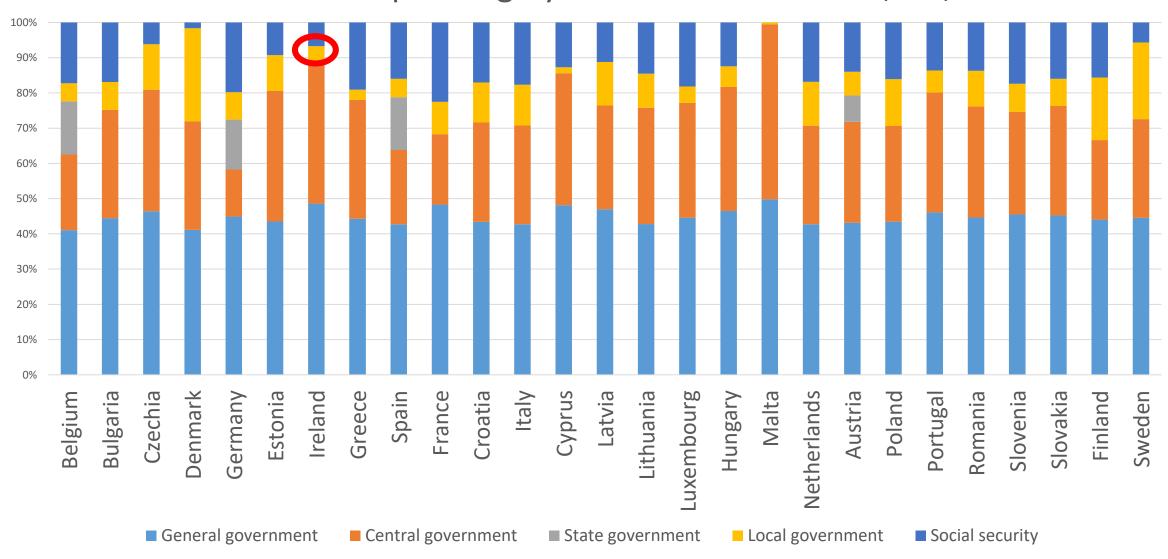
#### Breakdown of tax revenue by level of government in 2020 (percentage of total)



Source: Eurostat (gov\_10a\_taxag)



#### Share of Public Spending by Level of Government, EU, 2020



Source: Eurostat

# And comparative variation within Irish local government

Proportion of Expenditure in Each Expenditure Division by County Council, City Council, and City and County Council

2022	All	County	City	City and County
Housing and Building	37	23.4	41.5	74.9
Road Transport & Safety	19.5	25.6	12.9	8.4
Water Services	6.6	8.3	5.4	2.5
Development				
Management	8.6	11.3	5.7	3.9
<b>Environmental Services</b>	11.6	10.8	18.6	5.3
Recreational and				
Amenity	8.6	9.7	10.5	2.7
Agri, Educ, Hlth &				
Welfare	0.8	1.2	0.2	0.2
Miscellaneous	7.4	9.8	5.2	2.2

Source: Local Authority Budgets, 2022

Percentage Change in Expenditure Between 2005 and 2022

		County Councils, City and County Councils	City Councils
Housing and Building	325	471	151
Road Transport & Safety	21	20	30
Water Services	-19	-11	-41
Development			
Management	184	201	120
<b>Environmental Services</b>	-10	-13	-4
Recreational and Amenity	80	96	50
Agri, Educ, Hlth & Welfare	-80	-75	-95
Miscellaneous	131	139	98
Total	65	75	40

Source: Local Authority Budgets, 2022; 2005

## Sources and Changes in Local Government Revenue

	% of revenue 2022	% change from 2014
Government Grants and Subsidies	40	203
General Purpose Grant		-100
Goods/Services	25	3
Commercial Rates	28	15
Property Tax	7	100
Total	100	50

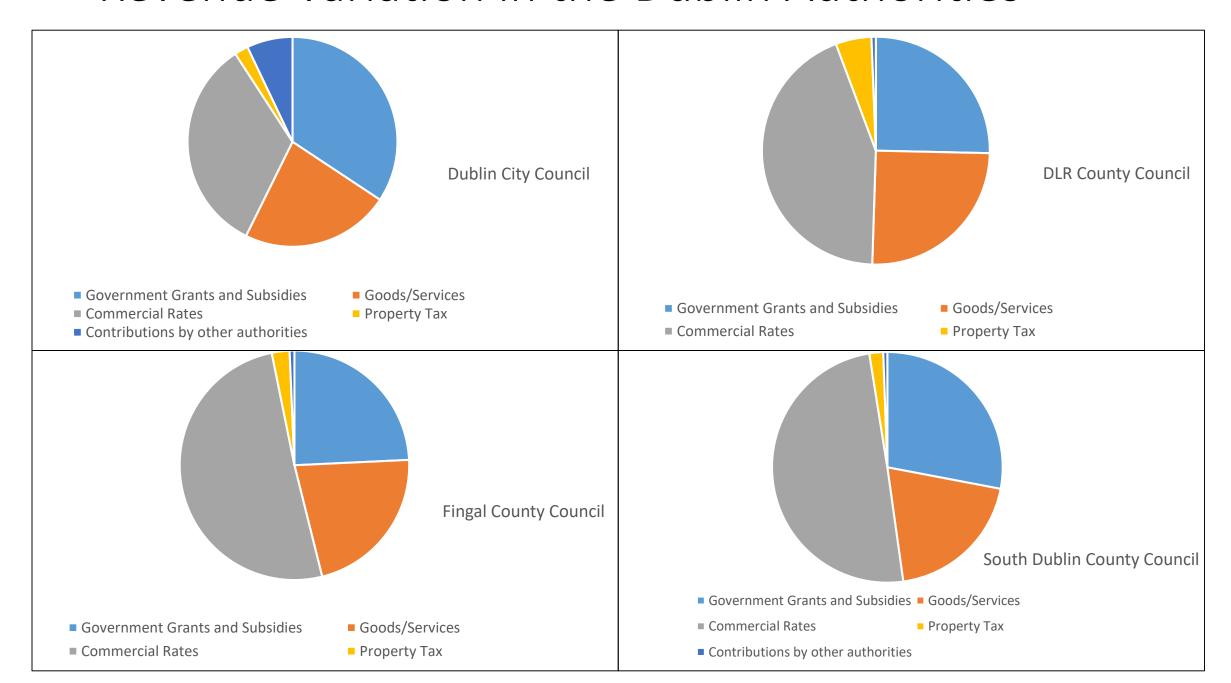
Source: Local Authority Budgets, 2022; 2014

### Revenue Variation in the Dublin Authorities

%	Governm ent Grants and Subsidies	Goods/Services		Property	Contributions by otherauthorities
Dublin City			. 10.000		
Council	34	23	34	2	7
DLR County					
Council	25	25	44	5	1
Fingal County					
Council	24	22	51	3	1
South Dublin					
County Council	28	20	50	2	1

Source: Local Authority Budgets, 2022

#### Revenue Variation in the Dublin Authorities



## Thank you and questions.